

ALCOHOL POISONING

KNOW THE SIGNS

If a person is conscious and vomiting

If a person is passing out or unconscious

If a person is not breathing

If a person cannot be awakened, has bluish lips and/ or is cold, clammy and pale

KNOW WHAT TO DO

- Prevent choking
- Prevent drowning in toilet
- Stay with and talk to the person

- Talk to the victim to try to keep them awake
- If the victim is lying down, roll victim on their left side to prevent choking or vomiting
- Call 911 — report alcohol overdose

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- Check pulse — perform rescue breathing (if trained)

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- If no pulse — perform CPR (if trained)

ALWAYS STAY WITH THE PERSON KNOW THE FACTS

A PERSON WITH ALCOHOL POISONING CANNOT SLEEP IT OFF!
BLOOD ALCOHOL CONTENT (BAC) CONTINUES TO RISE EVEN AFTER A PERSON STOPS DRINKING.

It is illegal for anyone under 21 to purchase, attempt to purchase, consume, possess or knowingly and intentionally transport alcohol, to misrepresent their age or carry a fake ID to obtain alcohol.



FOR MORE INFORMATION:
lcb.pa.gov • ra-lbeducation@pa.gov
Like us on Facebook: **PLCB Alcohol Education**
(800) 453-PLCB (7522)
Hearing impaired: TTD/TTY (717) 772-3725

Under Pennsylvania's Medical Amnesty Act, if an individual, in good faith, calls and believes they are the first to call 911, police, ambulance or campus security, gives their name and stays with the person to prevent that person's death or serious injury, the caller is immune from prosecution for consumption or possession of alcohol.

A background image showing two hands shaking. One hand is wearing a white sleeve, and the other is wearing a green sleeve. The hands are positioned in the center of the frame, with the fingers interlaced in a firm grip.

GOODNIGHT
or
Goodbye?